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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/582,702	04/23/2007	Jeffrey Schlom	59849(47992)	4962	
21874 7590 12/18/2008 EDWARDS ANGELL PALMER & DODGE LLP			EXAM	EXAMINER	
P.O. BOX 55874			GUSSOW, ANNE		
BOSTON, MA	A 02205		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1643		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			12/18/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Application No. Applicant(s) 10/582,702 SCHLOM ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit ANNE M. GUSSOW 1643 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 June 2007. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-78 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are rejected 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) 1-78 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some \* c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Information Disclosure Statement(s) (FTO/SE/08)

Attachment(s)

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date. \_\_\_\_\_\_.

6) Other: Sequence alignment.

Notice of Informal Patent Application

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## DETAILED ACTION

## Flection/Restrictions

Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

To have a general inventive concept under PCT rule 13.1, the inventions need to be linked by a special technical feature. The special technical feature recited in claim 1 is a nucleic acid molecule which encodes an agonist polypeptide antigen derived from MUC1. In view of this Chambon, et al. (US PAT 5,861,381, issued January 19, 1999, as cited on the IDS filed June 19, 2007) reads on the claim. Chambon, et al. teach a pharmaceutical composition which comprises a nucleic acid molecule (recombinant vaccinia virus) that encodes a polypeptide recognized by an H23 antibody. The epitope of the H23 antibody is the same as the instant SEQ ID No. 1 (see sequence alignment). Therefore the technical feature recited in claim 1 is not special. Accordingly the groups are not so linked at to form a single general concept under rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Groups 1-19, claim(s) 1-12, 40-45, and 63, drawn to a nucleic acid molecule that encodes the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID Nos. 1-19. <u>Each encoded amino acid sequence is a separate group.</u>

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Groups 20-37, claim(s) 1-13, 40-45, and 63, drawn to a nucleic acid molecule that encodes the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID Nos. 20-27. <u>Each encoded amino acid</u> sequence is a separate group.

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Groups 38-57, claim(s) 14-27 and 28-30, drawn to a polypeptide comprising SEQ ID Nos. 1-19. <u>Each amino acid sequence is a separate group</u>.

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Groups 58-77, claim(s) 31-39, drawn to a method for generating an immune response by administering a nucleic acid molecule encoding the peptide of SEQ ID Nos. 1-19. Each sequence is a separate group.

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Groups 78-97, claim(s) 46-50, drawn to a method for treating a tumor by administering a peptide of SEQ ID Nos. 1-19. <u>Each peptide sequence is a separate group.</u>

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Groups 98-117, claim(s) 51-55, drawn to a method of treating a tumor by treating dendritic cells with a peptide of SEQ ID Nos. 1-19. <u>Each peptide sequence is a separate group.</u>

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Group 118, claim(s) 56-62, drawn to a method for generating an immune response.

Group 119,  $\mbox{claim(s)}$  64-66, drawn to a method of screening for a molecule to generate an immune response.

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Groups 120-139, claim(s) 67-71, drawn to a method of treating a tumor comprising activating PBMC cells. <u>Each peptide sequence of SEQ ID Nos. 1-19 is a separate group.</u>

Groups 140-158, claim(s) 72-78, drawn to a method for generating an immune response by administering a nucleic acid molecule encoding SEQ ID Nos. 19-37. <u>Each peptide sequence</u> is a separate group.

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2. The inventions listed as Groups 1-158 do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: As set forth above, in view of the teachings of Chambon, et al. the groups are not so linked as to form a single general concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because the technical feature of claim 1 is not special.

Inventions of Groups 1-57 represent separate and distinct products which are made by materially different methods, and are used in materially different methods

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which have different modes of operation, different functions and different effects. The polynucleic acids of Groups 1-37 and the polypeptides of Groups 38-57 are all structurally and chemically different from each other. The polynucleotide is made by nucleic acid synthesis, while the polypeptide is made by translation of mRNA. Each of the nucleic acid and peptide sequences represent a different product with a different structure and different function. Furthermore, the polynucleotide can be used for hybridization screening and the polypeptide can be used for methods of treatment, for example. The examination of all groups would require different searches in the U.S. Patent shoes and the scientific literature and would require the consideration of different patentability issues. Thus the inventions 1-57 are patentably distinct.

The methods of Inventions 58-158 differ in the method objectives, method steps and parameters and in the reagents used. Inventions 58-77 recite generating an immune response; Inventions 78-97 recite treating a tumor by administering a peptide; Inventions 98-117 recite treating a tumor by administering dendritic cells; Invention 118 recites generating an immune response to a weakly immunogenic antigen; Invention 119 recites screening for molecules; Inventions 120-139 recite activating PBMC cells to treat a tumor and Inventions 140-158 recite treating a tumor by administering a nucleic acid molecule. The use of each different nucleic acid and polypeptide sequence constitutes a separate group because each sequence has a different structure and different function. The examination of all groups would require different searches in the U.S. PATENT shoes and the scientific literature and would require the consideration of

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different patentability issues. Thus Inventions 58-158 are separate and distinct in having different method steps and different endpoints and are patentably distinct.

- 3. Restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper because all these inventions listed in this action are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious search and examination burden if restriction were not required because one or more of the following reasons apply:
  - (a) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification;
  - (b) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter;
  - (c) the inventions require a different field of search (for example, searching different classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different search queries);
  - (d) the prior art applicable to one invention would not likely be applicable to another invention;
  - (e) the inventions are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C. 101 and/or 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after

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the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected invention.

If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable upon the elected invention.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

- 4. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).
- 5. The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.
  Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder.

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All claims directed to a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be rejoined.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

 Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ANNE M. GUSSOW whose telephone number is (571)272-6047. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 8:30 am - 5 pm. Application/Control Number: 10/582,702 Page 8

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Larry Helms can be reached on (571) 272-0832. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Anne M. Gussow

December 16, 2008

/David J Blanchard/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1643